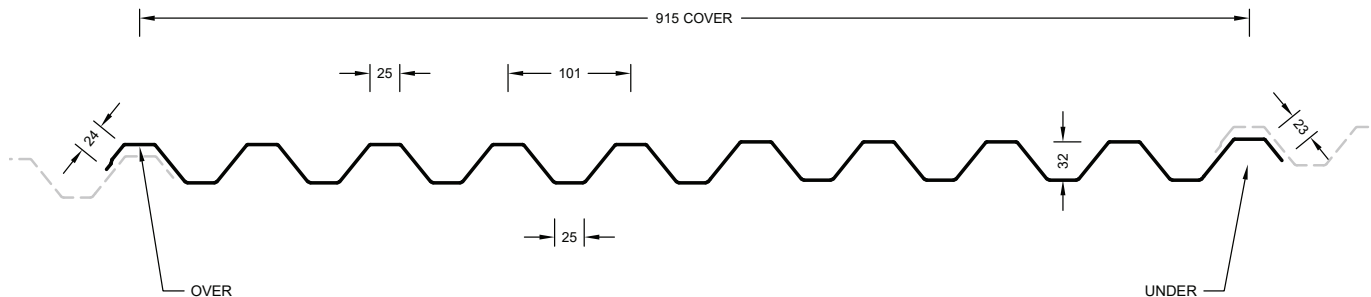


PRODUCT TECHNICAL STATEMENT



The clean-cut, striking appearance of V-Rib® makes it a very popular roofing and cladding profile used on a wide range of applications. The symmetrical sections have inherent strength characteristics which provide good tolerance to foot traffic as well as the title of the strongest drap curved roofing profile available. Where design criteria demand continuous length, economy and simple, speedy construction choose V-Rib®.

SHEET TOLERANCES

Cover: ± 5mm – Sheet length: +10mm, -0mm (steel)

Cover: +10mm, -15mm – Sheet length: +0mm, -15mm (aluminium)

RECOMMENDED PRODUCT/DESIGN USE

- **Minimum Pitch:** 4 degrees
- **Cover (mm):** 915mm
- **Applications:** Residential / Industrial / Commercial Roofing and Wall Cladding
- **Materials:** Specified coating and material based on environmental conditions in accordance with E2/AS1. Available in metallic coated and pre-painted steel in 0.40mm, 0.55mm – Aluminium 0.90mm BMT (base material thickness) Matching translucent sheeting is available in G.R.P. (fibreglass)
- **Material Thickness:** Steel 0.40mm, 0.55mm – Aluminium 0.90mm
- **Colours:** Available in pre-painted ColorCote® ZinaCore™, MagnaFlow™ and AlumiGard® COLORSTEEL® MAXAM™, Altimate® and UniCote® LUX Refer to www.colorcote.co.nz, www.colorsteel.co.nz and www.unicote.com.au.
- **Durability:** All material selections must be compatible with the prevailing environmental conditions and adjacent materials. Areas not naturally exposed to rain will require scheduled maintenance.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

Dimond Roofing® has been implementing green building principles across the industry for several years now and has developed a fully realised environmental sustainability pathway to reach our goal of reducing our carbon emissions by 30% by 2030. Dimond Roofing® has met the criteria for “Level A” certification for the Global GreenTag™ GreenRate™ ecolabel and as part of Dimond’s Toitū carbonreduce® accreditation, essential Scope 1 & 2 emissions, are being measured as well as voluntarily measuring Scope 3 emissions.

Dimond Roofing® profiles are accredited with Eco Choice Aotearoa when manufactured from COLORSTEEL®. All manufacturing sites have been Audited by NZ Steel.

Dimond Roofing® recycle all steel scrap waste and offcuts which can then be remelted down and reused in other steel-based products. At the end of its useful life as a roofing profile can be recycled back by remelted down.

NEW ZEALAND BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE

When used in accordance with Dimond Roofing installation and maintenance requirements, facilitate with meeting the following provisions of the NZBC:

- **B1 Structure:** Performance clauses B1.3.1, B1.3.2, B1.3.3 (a) (b) (c) (g) (h), B1.3.4 (b) and (d)
- **B2 Durability:** Performance clauses B2.3.1(b) and (c)
- **C3 Fire affecting areas beyond the fire source:** Performance clauses C3.4(a) and C3.9
- **E2 External moisture:** Performance clauses E2.3.1 and E2.3.2
- **F2 Hazardous building materials:** Performance clause F2.3.1
- **G12 Water Supplies:** Performance clauses G12.3.1 and G12.3.2

To comply with the performance clauses of NZBC E2 all cladding to be installed in accordance with:

- Acceptable Solutions NZS E2/AS1 or an Acceptable Alternative Solution
- MZ Metal Roofing Manufacturers Code of Practice
- Dimond Roofing Specification; details available on www.dimond.co.nz

Dimond Roofing is not subject to any warning or ban under section 26 of the Building Act 2004.

MAINTENANCE

In general, NZ metal roofing materials exposed to rain washing can be expected to comply with NZBC B2 without manual washing, or replacement of protective finishes.

Areas not directly exposed to rain, such as soffits, wall cladding under eaves, the undersides of gutters, fascia's, and sheltered areas like garage doors, will require scheduled maintenance.

Refer to ColorCote® Minimum Maintenance Schedule and COLORSTEEL® Maintenance Recommendations Brochure.

MATERIAL CLADDING TESTING AND PERFORMANCE

All cladding testing is carried out in accordance with the NZMRM Code of Practice – Testing and MRM Standards.

Material Options	Steel			Aluminium H36	Duraclad® (GRP)
Thickness (BMT) mm	0.40	0.55	0.75	0.90	1.7
Nominal Weight/lineal metre (kg/m)	4.12	5.55	N/A	2.96	3.0
Drape curved – min. radius (m)	20	16	N/A	16	20
(1) Purlin spacings for drape curving (m)	1.3	1.6	N/A	1.6	1.2
(2) Machine crimp curved – min. radius (mm)	900	400	N/A	N/A	N/A
(3) Unsupported Overhang (mm)	200	300	N/A	250	250

- (1) Recommended maximum purlin spacings at minimum radius
(2) N/A
(3) Based on 1.1kN point load support, but not intended for roof access
N/R – Not recommended
N/A – Not available

Roll-forming facility location: Christchurch
Crimp curving facility location: Christchurch and Hamilton
Manufacturing location for DuraClad®: Auckland
Sheet lengths: V-Rib® is custom run to order

Where long sheets are used consideration must be given to:

- Special transportation licences for sheets over 25m
- Site access for special lifting equipment
- Fixing techniques to accommodate thermal expansion

DIMOND V-RIB® LIMIT STATE LOAD / SPAN CAPACITY CHART

(span in mm, distributed serviceability loads in kPa)

Serviceability Category		Unrestricted Access Roof	Restricted Access Roof				Non-Access Roof & Wall		
G550 Steel 0.40mm	End Span	800	800	900	1100	1200	1400	1700	1900
	Internal Span	1100	1200	1400	1700	1800	2100	2500	2900
	Serviceability	3.5	3.4	3.2	2.6	2.4	1.9	1.4	1.0
G550 Steel 0.55mm	End Span	1100	1100	1300	1600	1700	2000	2300	2700
	Internal Span	1600	1700	2000	2400	2500	3000	3500	4000
	Serviceability	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8
5052 H36 Aluminium 0.70mm	End Span				800	900	1100	1400	1600
	Internal Span				1200	1300	1700	2100	2400
	Serviceability				2.5	2.4	1.4	1.3	1.0
5052 H36 Aluminium 0.90mm	End Span	900	1000	1100	1300	1400	1700	1900	2300
	Internal Span	1400	1500	1700	2000	2100	2500	2900	3400
	Serviceability	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.1	1.9	1.4	1.0	0.7
Duraclad® 1.7mm (Note 4)	End Span				700	800	1100	1200	
	Internal Span				1100	1200	1500	1800	
	Serviceability				–	–	–	–	
	Ultimate				4.5	3.8	1.7	1.3	

Notes:

- In Restricted Access Roof and Non-Access Roof & Wall applications, spans exceeding the maximum values shown should not be used. The maximum spans for Restricted Access Roofs are based on static point load testing as a guide and are further limited by practical experience of roof performance under dynamic foot traffic loads. For Non-Access Roof & Wall applications, the maximum spans are limited to ensure satisfactory appearance for wall cladding.
- Loads given are based on 5 screw fasteners/sheet/purlin.
- Loads given are limited to a maximum of 4.5 kPa. If design requirements exceed this limit, contact Dimond for specific advice.
- Duraclad®**
 - Serviceability Limit State loads are not applicable to the Duraclad® material, as it does not experience permanent deformation.
 - System must include Safety Mesh if intended for use as a Restricted-Access roof. Refer Section 2.2.1.8.
- N/R = not recommended.
- End span capacities given in this table are based on the end span being 2/3 of the internal span.
- Design Criteria for Limit State Capacities**
 - Serviceability Limit State (SLS Design)**
No deflection or permanent distortion that would cause unacceptable appearance, side lap leakage or water ponding, due to foot traffic point loads, inward or outward wind loads or snow loads.
 - Ultimate Limit State (ULS Design)**
No pull through of fixings or fastener withdrawal resulting in sheet detachment due to wind up-lift (outward) loads.
- System Design**
The span capacity of the roofing or cladding profile is determined from the Load Span Table, using the section of the chart appropriate to the grade and type of material, and the category of serviceability selected from the two categories above. Serviceability loads have been derived by testing according to NZMRM procedures. To obtain an ultimate limit state load, we recommend factoring the serviceability load by 1.4 in line with NZMRM guidelines. Note: The capacities given do not apply for cyclone wind conditions.

Serviceability Requirements
While these categories are provided for design guidance to meet the serviceability limit state criteria, foot traffic point load damage may still occur if point loads are placed carelessly.

Service Category
Refer to MRM COP 3.7.4 Roof Traffic. The designer must consider the degree and type of foot traffic expected on a roof. The following requirements are subjective standards and must be considered in line with customer expectations, building use, and type. More robust design than specified below (such as reducing purlin spacing or adding protection from mechanical action) is required for roofs that are regularly accessed, used as staging by subsequent trades, or areas adjacent to access points, particularly step-down access.
- Wind Pressure Guide**
As a guide for non-specific design the following S.L.S. design loads in accordance with the MRM Roofing Code of Practice can be used for buildings less than 10m high, otherwise AS/NZS 1170.2 should be used Low wind zone = 0.68kPa, Medium wind zone = 0.93kPa, High wind zone = 1.32kPa, Very high wind zone = 1.72kPa and Extra high wind zone = 2.09kPa.

For more detail please contact: Technical Assistance Team on 0800 ROOFSPEC (766 377)

issued: 06.2025

FASTENERS

The durability of the fasteners should equal or exceed that of the material being fastened, and the fastener metal or coating must be compatible with the cladding material if in contact. Refer to NZS E2/AS1 table 20 for compatibility requirements.

The minimum embedment of 30mm is the requirement for screws fixing into timber and minimum of three threads to pass through steel. When fastening through cavity battens, thermal break materials etc ensure the length of the screw is increased to accommodate the extra material.

Common Fastener Lengths* – Roof Cladding – Crest Fixed			
Cladding Material	Timber Purlins (mm)	Steel Purlins/Girts up to 2.5mm (minimum 3 threads) (mm)	(1,2) Load Spreading Washers (LSW) (When required)
Steel	TT 12g x 75 with neo	ST 12g x 65 with neo	Steel with 30mm EPDM washer
Aluminium	TT 14g x 73 Alutite with neo and LSW TT 12g x 75 304 stainless steel with neo and LSW	ST 12g x 65 304 stainless steel with neo and LSW	Aluminium with 30mm EPDM washer

*Class 5 fasteners are recommended with steel-based material

(1) – When Using LSW increase fastener length by 10mm

(2) – When using LSW pre-drill a 10mm oversized hole to accommodate the EPDM washer

Common Fastener Lengths* – Wall Cladding – Pan Fixed		
Cladding Material	Timber Dwangs/Nogs (mm)	Steel Girts up to 2.5mm (mm)
Steel Direct fix	TT 12g x 40 with neo washer	ST 12g x 20 with neo washer
Steel On 20mm (nom.) Cavity Batten	TT 12g x 55 with neo washer	ST 12g x 35 with neo washer
Aluminium Direct fix	TT 14g x 35 Alutite with neo washer	**ST 12g x 25 304 stainless steel with neo washer
Aluminium On 20mm (nom.) Cavity Batten	TT 14g x 55 Alutite with neo washer	**ST 14g x 50 304 stainless steel with neo washer

*Class 5 fasteners are recommended with steel-based material

**Stainless steel fasteners require to be separated from aluminium.

Use in serviceability categories (1) or (2) can allow the reduction of fasteners to an average of 2 screw fasteners/sheet/purlin. If this is done, the distributed load capacities given in the chart should be reduced using a multiplying factor of 0.5.

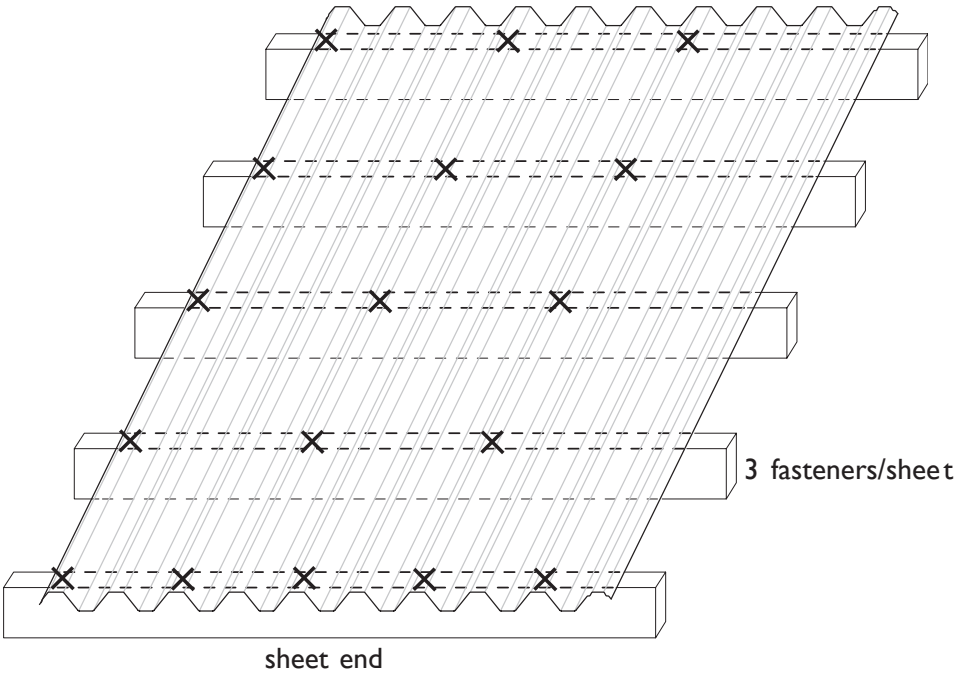
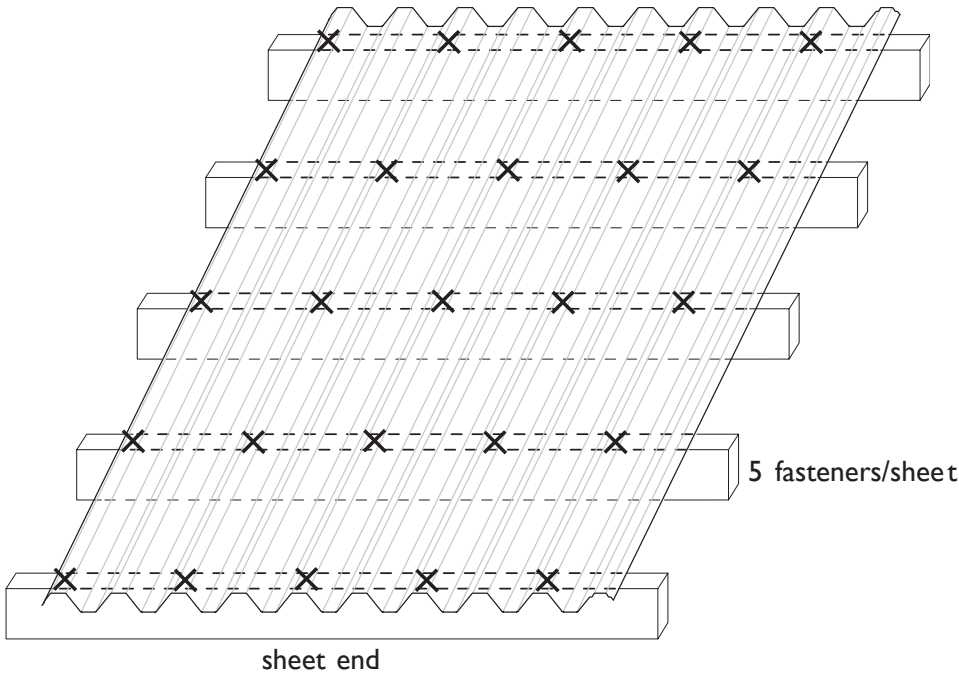
Long spans may require the specification and use of side lap stitching screws – see Section 2.3.2C Installation Information: Layout and Fastening.

DESIGN EXAMPLE

Restricted access roof, 0.55mm G550 steel V-Rib® has a maximum end span of 1600mm and a maximum internal span of 2400mm. The following distributed load capacities apply.

	5 fasteners/sheet	3 fasteners/sheet
End Span	1600mm	1700mm
Internal Span	2400mm	2400mm
Serviceability	2.2 kPa	1.3 kPa

DIMOND V-RIB® FASTENER LAYOUT OPTIONS



DESIGN DETAILS

Design details covering residential & commercial roof & wall claddings are available at www.dimond.co.nz in PDF, DWG & RVT files under each product section.

PUBLICATIONS

To achieve the product's full potential, it must be designed, installed, and maintained in accordance with Good Trade Practice. For more information, please refer to:

NZS E2/AS1: www.building.govt.nz

NZMRM: New Zealand Metal Roofing and Wall Cladding Code of Practice – www.metalroofing.org.nz

NZMRM: Installation Guide – Metal Longrun Roofing and Cladding – www.metalroofing.org.nz

RANZ: How to Guides – www.ranz.co.nz

Pacific Coil Coaters: Choose the Right Roof
www.colorcote.co.nz

Pacific Coil Coaters: Maintenance Schedule
www.colorcote.co.nz

Pacific Coil Coaters: Environmental Product Declaration
www.colorcote.co.nz

New Zealand Steel: Environmental Categories, Warranty & Product Maintenance Recommendations Brochure
www.colorsteel.co.nz

New Zealand Steel: Maintenance Recommendations Bulletin
– www.colorsteel.co.nz

New Zealand Steel: Installers Guide www.colorsteel.co.nz

BRANZ: Good Profiled Metal Roofing and Wall Cladding – www.branz.co.nz

MBIE: Guide to tolerances, materials and workmanship in new residential construction 2015 – www.mbie.govt.nz

THERMAL NOISE

All profiled metal roofs and wall cladding can produce thermal noise from time to time. This occurs as the roof expands and contracts due to temperature changes, with darker colours potentially increasing the noise. The NZMRM Code of Practice addresses this issue.

According to the MBIE's 2015 "Guide to Tolerances, Materials, and Workmanship in New Residential Construction," noise from metal roofing's thermal expansion is considered normal and should be expected.

OIL CANNING

Differential thermal movement between wide, flat surfaces and ribs or corners within a metal sheet can create a visual effect known as oil canning. This refers to the visible waviness or undulations in the flat sections of metal cladding, roofing, or walling. Oil canning is an inherent architectural characteristic of flat metal surfaces and is not indicative of any performance issues with the product.

It may occur during the forming and installation processes, as well as throughout the roof's lifecycle due to thermal expansion. The visibility of oil canning can vary depending on lighting conditions, sun angles, and the gloss level of the coating.

For more details, please refer to Section 12.4 of the New Zealand Metal Roof and Wall Cladding Code of Practice.

Dimond Roofing, NZBN 9429037626563

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Place of Manufacture: Aotearoa New Zealand



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Contact us

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